

## NOVEMBER FLOWERS IN NORTHERN VERMONT.

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THE unusually wet, mild weather of October and November 1918 induced the second or continued blooming of so many species of flowering plants that I think it will be of interest to New England botanists to read the list noted in this part of northern Vermont.

Gramineae:	Malvaceae:
Phleum pratense.	Malva rotundifolia.
Poa annua.	Umbelliferae:
Urticaceae:	Zizia aurea.
Pilea pumila.	Cornaceae:
Polygonaceae:	Cornus canadensis.
Polygonum aviculare.	Boraginaceae:
Rumex crispus.	Myosotis laxa.
Carophyllaceae:	Labiatae:
Stellaria media.	Lamium amplexicaule.
Cerastium vulgatum.	Galeopsis tetrahit.
Ranunculaceae:	Plantaginaceae:
Ranunculus acris.	Plantago major.
Caltha palustris.	Lobeliaceae:
Cruciferae:	Lobelia inflata.
Brassica campestris.	Compositae:
"    arvensis.	Tanacetum vulgare.
Capsella bursa-pastoris.	Achillea millefolium.
Lepidium virginicum.	Erigeron canadensis.
Hamamelidaceae:	"    philadelphicus.
Hamamelis virginiana.	Solidago nemoralis.
Rosaceae:	"    canadensis.
Potentilla argentea.	"    juncea.
Rubus idaeus var. aculeatissimus	Aster puniceus.
Fragaria virginiana.	"    undulatus.
"    vesca var. americana.	"    cordifolius.
Leguminosae:	"    ericoides.
Trifolium pratense.	Taraxacum officinale.
"    repens.	Rudbeckia hirta.
Oxalidaceae:	Gnaphalium polycephalum.
Oxalis corniculata.	"    uliginosum.

The forty-four species in the above list were exhibited on the Flower Table at the Fairbanks Museum, St. Johnsbury, Vermont, between November 1 and 22, all having been collected within a short distance of the Museum, a very unusual record for northern Vermont.

FAIRBANKS MUSEUM.